CHAL U521 Copy 5 of 5

13 January 1959

MEGORANDUM POR: Deputy Director (Plans)

CUBJECT:

Altitude and Range Capability U-2 Aircraft

- 1. The following is in reference to your query pertaining to the recent zoom—climb intercept tests against the U-2.
- 2. The first intercept run was made with the U-2 at 60,000 feet. This was not a realistic altitude. The intercept served to orientate and familiarize pilots with procedures.
- 3. The remainder of the tests began each day with the U-2 at approximately 64,000 feet (1 plus 45 after T.O.). This altitude compares favorably with the published cruise climb tables. The aircraft altitude when leaving the target area was approximately 67,000 feet (5 plus 15 after T.O.) which again compares favorably with the attached cruise climb chart.
- 4. The values on the stached graph are for an NASA standard day. The altitude advantage for an aircraft without slipper tanks for each hour of flight is as follows:

Hour	Altitude Difference
1	21.00 feet
2	1950 feet
3	1850 feet
l.	1600 feet
5	1500 feet
6	1500 feet
7	1400 feet
8	1300 feet
9	1300 feet
10	1400 feet



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	5. Factors which affect altitude are as follows:								
25X1D	a. increase		er per d					. Altitude	
25X1D	b. decresse		rest per degree warmer						
					ı	25X1	4 \$ 16N2D		
						Colone Directo		USAF eretions	

Att: Chart

ALC: thm

1 - Addressee

2 - Dep Dir, DPD 3 - Ops subj 4 - Ops chron 5 - CHAL chron